



## 馮國璋

1890 年畢業於天津北洋武備學堂，1896 年起追隨袁世凱。民國成立初期，馮國璋成為袁世凱總統的幕僚，並於 1913 年率軍鎮壓「二次革命」。可是，後來卻反對袁世凱稱帝。1916 年袁世凱死後，黎元洪繼任大總統，馮國璋當選為副總統，更成為北洋軍閥集團中直系的首領。1917 年 7 月起代理大總統，任內主張和平統一全國，反對段祺瑞的「武力統一」。於 1918 年下台。

民國的誕生



## Feng Guozhang

After graduating from the Beiyang Military School in Tianjin in 1890, Feng Guozhang became a follower of Yuan Shikai in 1896. During the early years after the founding of the Republic, Feng was an aide of Yuan Shikai. He headed the armed suppression of the “Second Revolution” in 1913, but he subsequently broke with Yuan Shikai when Yuan proclaimed himself emperor. When Yuan Shikai died in 1916, Li Yuanhong took office as the President and Feng was elected Vice President and the leader of the Beiyang Zhili clique of warlords. He took office as Acting President in July 1917. During office, he advocated the peaceful unification of the country and opposed the military unification put forward by Duan Qirui. Feng stepped down from office in 1918.